

### **INFRABIM**

BACKGROUND

### Early 2000's

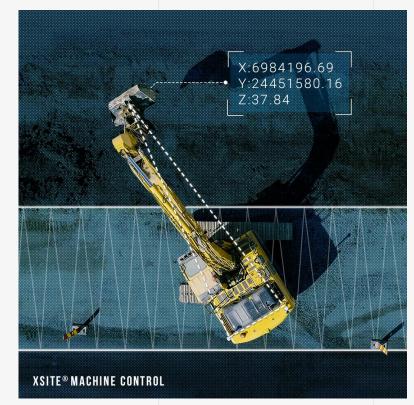
Contractors has been forerunners in model based actions

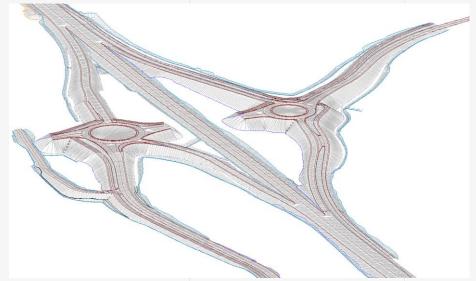
- More efficiency for work site
  - Using Machine Control on jobsite

#### 2008 ->

Demands for 3D models from designers by contractors

Models for Machine Control





### **INFRABIM**

BACKGROUND

#### 2010 - 2014

PRE RYM InfraFINBIM -Research Program

- Infra owners involved
  - > Lots of benefits for infra asset lifecycle
- Demands for 3D models by infra owners
- Finnish Common Regulations as results:
  - ☐ Common InfraBIM Requirements
  - ☐ InfraBIM Classification System
  - ☐ Inframodel Data Exchange

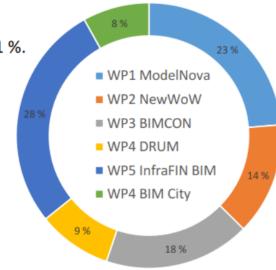
### PRE 2010 - 2014

#### PRE Actuel Cost 22,24 million €

 Involved 37 companies and 6 research institutes.

• Public Fund with Tekes < 51 %.

- Infra FINBIM 6,1 m€
   Future innovation-based delivery chain of the infra sector
  - 13 companies,6 research institutes
  - 6 infra clients
  - 30 pilot projects



"An outstanding example of the radical change in the markets"



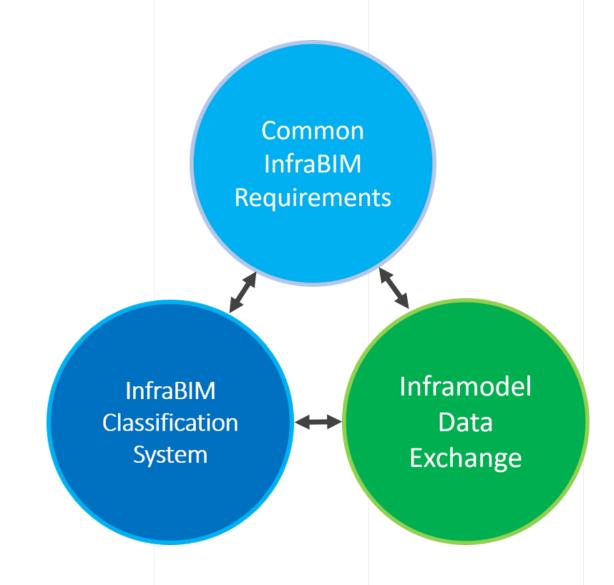
#### Full report in English:

https://buildingsmart.fi/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/RYM PRE-Results-Report.pdf

## INFRABIM

COMMON REGULATIONS

- Based on real projects
- Developed by whole industry
- Required by infra owners





# REQUIREMENTS

Current version YIV2019

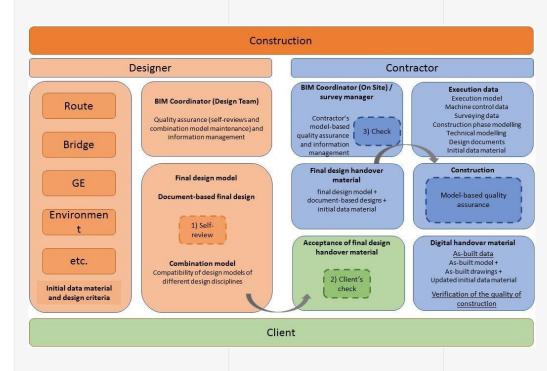
Technical requirements for information modeling

Technical documentation for procurement

Common rules for different actors

- Common understanding of modeling
- Harmonize the common modeling practices

Frequent updates for industry demands



#### English version available:

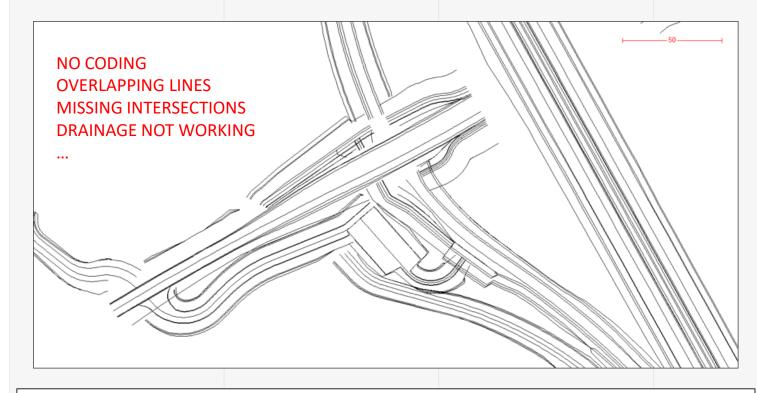
https://buildingsmart.fi/en/common-infrabim-requirements/

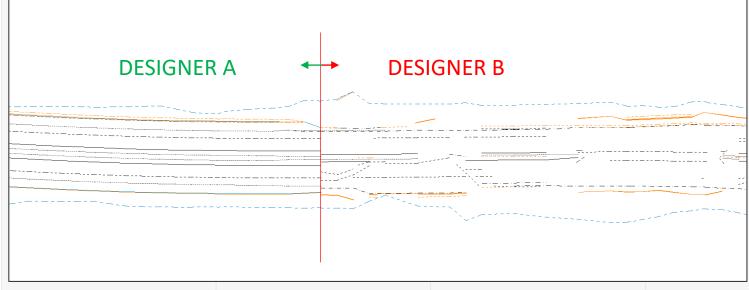
# **REQUIREMENTS**

BEFORE INFRABIM

Projects without common rules

- Not usable without editing
  - Responsibility?
  - Quality assurance?





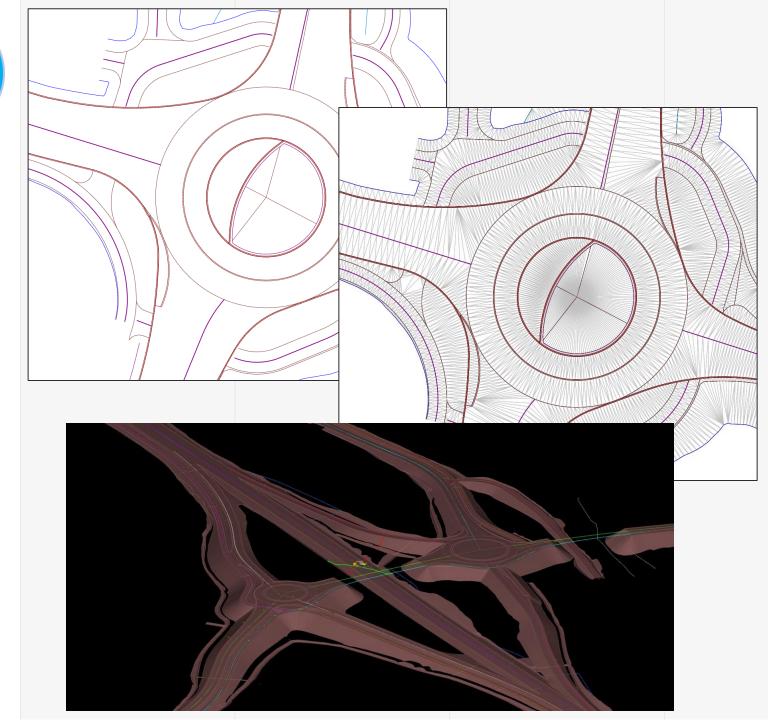


# REQUIREMENTS

WITH INFRABIM

Examples with common rules

- Harmonized data
- Coded data
- Quality assurance by designer
- Usable on jobsite



InfraBIM Classification System

### **CLASSIFICATION**

InfraBIM Classification has been created for modeling purposes

All surface/layer/object has an own ID

Divided in Surface ID and Feature Coding

Surveyor point of view:

Classification System = Coding System

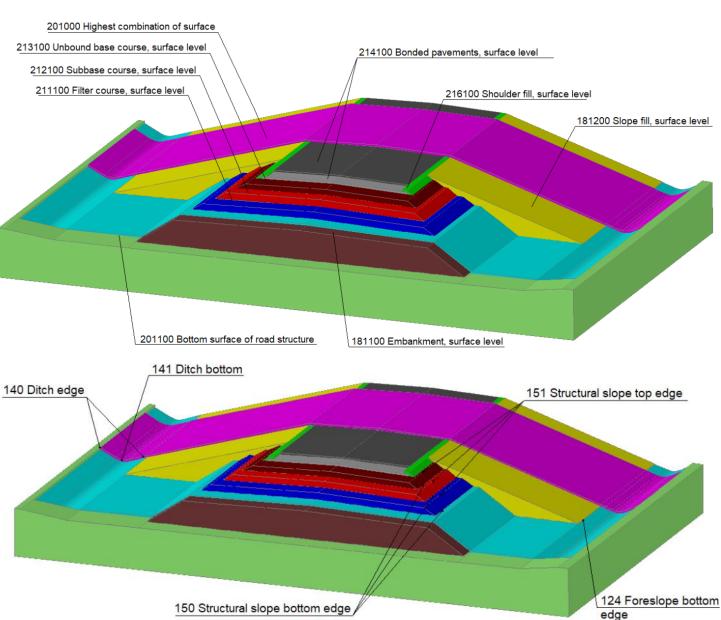
Same coding for different infra owners

English version:

https://buildingsmart.fi/en/classification/

InfraBIM Classification (design, survey and information model classification)

v. 1.72



InfraBIM Classification System

### **CLASSIFICATION**

SURFACE ID

201000 Highest combination of surface 214100 Bonded pavement, surface level 213200 Bound base course, surface level 211100 Filter course, surface leve 213100 Unbound base course, surface level 212100 Subbase course, surface level 171100 Bottom surface 181200 Slope fill of rock excavation 341100 District heating pipes 201100 Bottom surface of road structure 215100 Transition wedge 312100 Stormwater pipe 162100 Pipe and conduit trench 201200 Lowest combination of surface 311100 Sewer pipe 211100 Filter course, surface level 162100 Pipe and conduit trench, bottom surface 313100 Water pipelines

183100 Bedding for pipes

Connecting all actions inside one classification system

- Connect Common Quality Requirements with ID number
- Connect As-Built Data with ID number
  - No extra manual work
- Connect tolerances with ID number
- Connect Surface Colors with ID number
  - Easy for human eyes
- Connect group of files to one surface
- Data flow actions based on ID number
  - No conversions
  - Design <-> Construction <-> Asset Management

241000 Railway ballast layer, surface level

241100 Bottom part of railway supporting layer, surface level
212300 Sub-ballast in railway structures, surface level

201100 Bottom surface of road structure

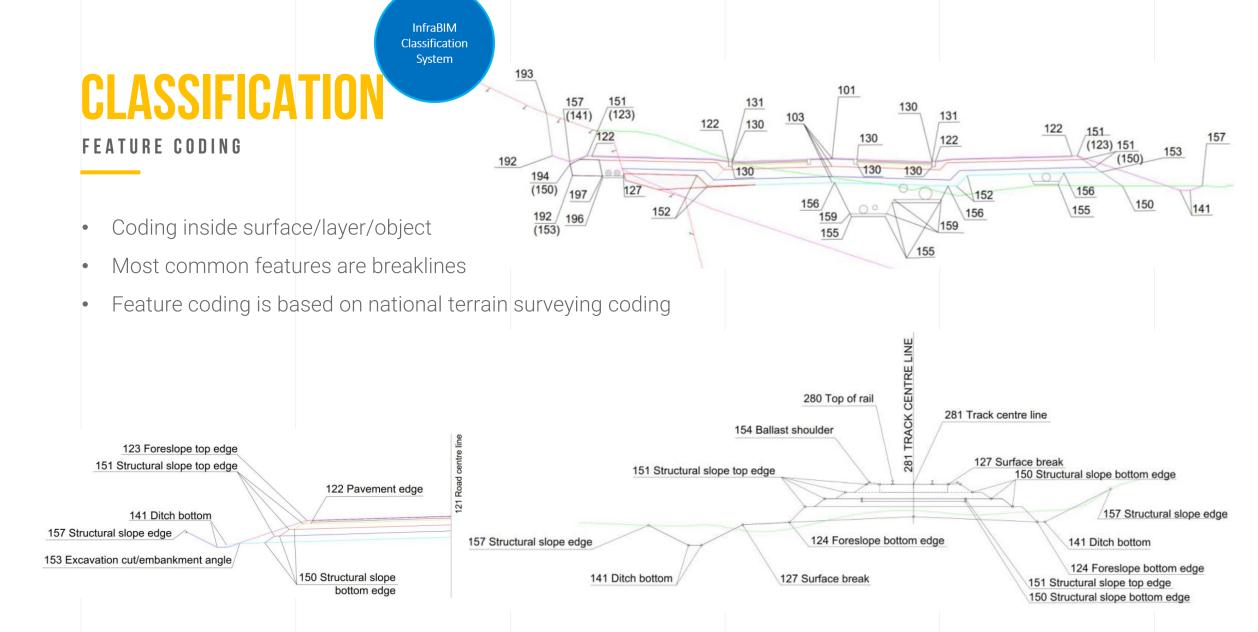
201200 Lowest combination of surface

212200 Subgrade in railway structures, surface level

240000 Highest combination of surface

210000 Highest combination of surface in subgrade

162100 Pipe and conduit trench



### **CLASSIFICATION**

In the old days...

- Everyone had their own code lists
- Different code list in different project
- How to exchange data?
  - Multiple swap tools...

Municipality A

Code for pavement edge = 10

Municipality B
Code for pavement edge = 40100

Municipality C
Code for pavement edge = ASF

Municipality D

Code for pavement edge = 10AF100

Road Administration Code for pavement edge = 521

Pavement edge

Designer A

Code for pavement edge =  $\underline{6001102}$ 

Designer B

Code for pavement edge = 135110

Designer C

Code for pavement edge = H5110P

Designer D

Code for pavement edge = 101

Surveyor A

Code for pavement edge = 3

Surveyor B

Code for pavement edge = 35

Surveyor C

Code for pavement edge =  $\underline{A}$ 

Surveyor D

Code for pavement edge = 150

InfraBIM Classification System

### **CLASSIFICATION**

Same code for all actors

Municipality A

Code for pavement edge = 122

Municipality B

Code for pavement edge = 122

Municipality C

Code for pavement edge = 122

Municipality D

Code for pavement edge = 122

**Road Administration** 

Code for pavement edge =  $\underline{122}$ 

(122 Pavement edge)

Designer A

Code for pavement edge = 122

Designer B

Code for pavement edge = 122

Designer C

Code for pavement edge = 122

Designer D

Code for pavement edge = 122

Surveyor A

Code for pavement edge =  $\underline{122}$ 

Surveyor B

Code for pavement edge = 122

Surveyor C

Code for pavement edge = 122

Surveyor D

Code for pavement edge = 122



### **DATA EXCHANGE**

Common data exchange format Inframodel

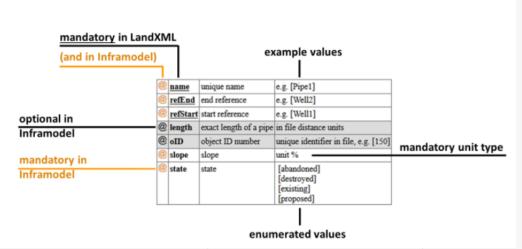
- A subset of international LandXML v1.2 specification
- Connection with InfraBIM Classification System
- History of Inframodel starts in 2001
- Current specification version is Inframodel 4



### Finnish Inframodel application documentation for LandXML v1.2

#### Version 4: 2020

schema version 4.0.4 version 4.0.4 changes



Full documentation:

https://buildingsmart.fi/infra/inframodel/index.html

Inframodel Data Exchange

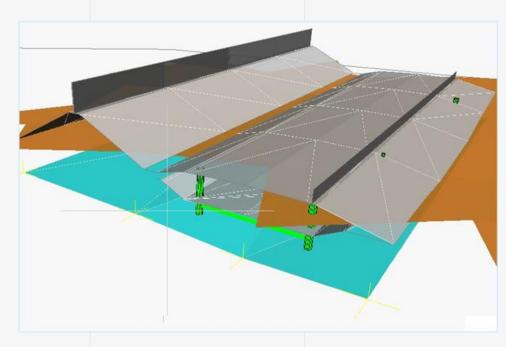
### **DATA EXCHANGE**

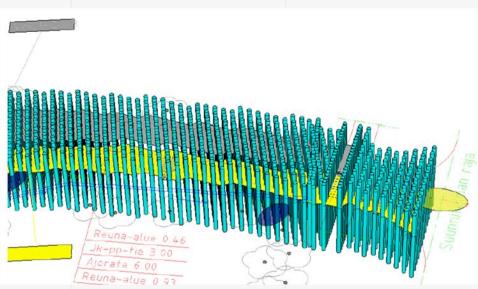
In the old days...

 vgp, vg, vg2, vg3, pg, pg2, pg3, xrd, gt, kof, pxy, xci, dxf, dwg, dgn...

### Today...

Inframodel, IFC





# **HOLY TRINITY**

#### **Human**

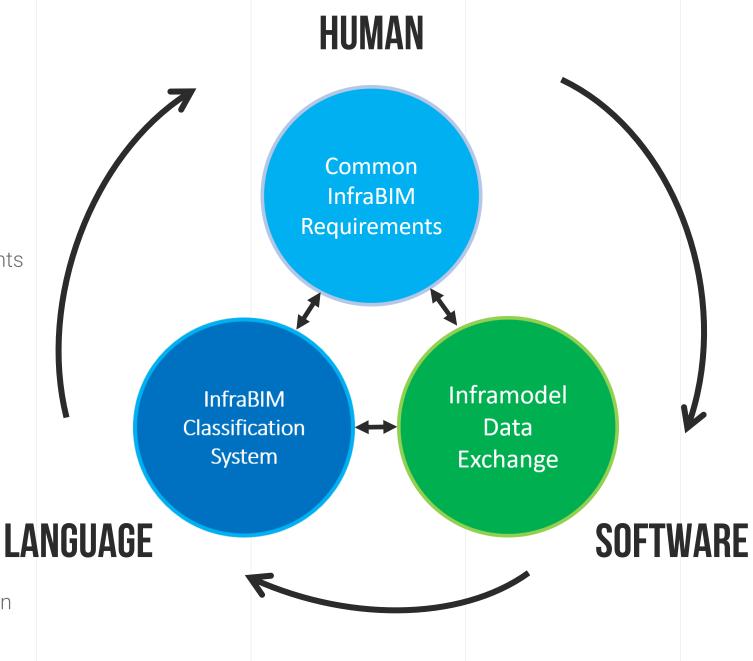
- BIM process guidelines and requirements
- How-to

#### **Softwares**

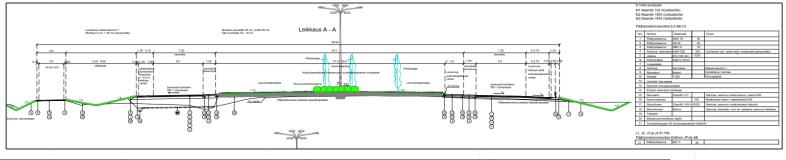
- Readable data for softwares
- OpenBIM Data Exchange
  - IFC, XML, GML

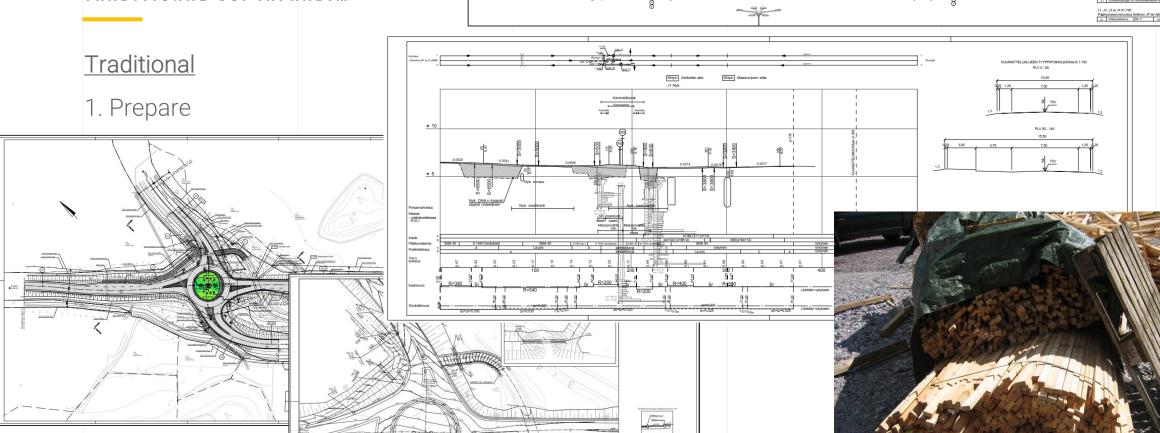
### Common Language

- Readable data for softwares and human
- Classification Systems



TRADITIONAL VS. INFRABIM





TRADITIONAL VS. INFRABIM

### **Traditional**

2. Stake-out







TRADITIONAL VS. INFRABIM

### **Traditional**

3. New stake-out for next phase ...and if stakes has fallen ...and if there are design changes





TRADITIONAL VS. INFRABIM

#### <u>InfraBIM</u>

- 1. Prepare
  - Quality assurance for models
  - Share models for different users

















#### Infrastructure information model / checklist

(Common InfraBIM Requirements YIV 2019)

Annex 4.3. An example of a final design model checklist.

Quality check parameters (tables 1 - 6): Check the box of each checked item.

Table 1. Naming and Headers

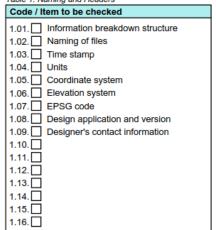


Table 2.Break lines		
Code / Item to be checked		
2.0	1. Data exchange format	
2.0	2. Surface codes	
2.0	3. Type codes	
2.0	4. Line type (Break line / Irregular line)	
2.0	5. Discontinuities	
2.0	6. Intersecting lines	
2.0	7. Overlapping/reversing lines	
2.0	8. Zero heights	
2.0	9. Uniform direction of lines	
2.1	0. ☐ Too long point spacing >10m	
2.1	1. ☐ Too short point spacing <0,5m	
2.1	Unnecessary lines (no change of inclination)	
2.1	<ol><li>Lines not belonging to a surface</li></ol>	
2.1	4. Triangulation	
2.1	5. 🗌	
2.1	6.	

Table 3. Triangulated networks

Code / Item to be checked		
3.01.	Data exchange format	
	Surface codes	
3.03.	Holes	
3.04.	Zero-height points	
3.05.	"Spikes" deviating from the surface	
3.06.	Abnormal slopes	
3.07.	Consistency between break lines and triangulated network (inc. same points)	
3.09.		

able 4. Geometric lines and other lines			
Code / Item to be checked			
4.01. Data exchange format			
4.02. Horizontal geometry of the alignment			
4.03. Vertical geometry of the alignment			
4.04. Kerb lines			
4.05. Line markings			
4.06.			
4.07.			
4.08.			
4.09.			

Table 5. Drainage, Water supply and severage systems

Code / Item to be checked		
5.01. Data exchange format		
5.02. Culverts		
5.03. Side ditches		
5.04. Drainage ditches		
5.05. Drains		
5.06. Stormwater wells		
5.07. Stormwater pipes		
5.08. Sewer wells		
5.09. Sewer pipes		
5.10.		
5.11.		

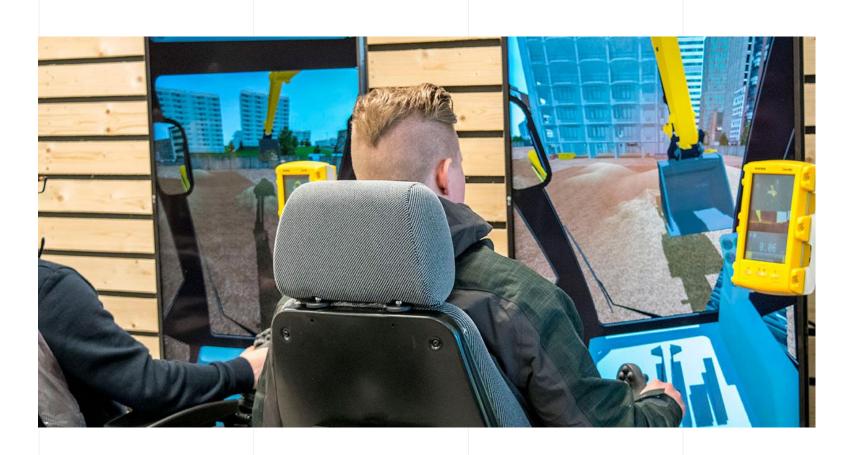
Table 6. Compatibility			
Code / Item to be checked			
6.01.	Vertical alignment of routes and areas		
6.02.	Connection points of routes (discontinuities)		
6.03.	Wedges at structure transitions		
6.04.	Structure Thicknesses		
6.05.	Connection to existing structures		
6.06.	Combatibility of side ditches of different		
	routes		
6.07.	Fit of point data (3D) to other material		
6.08.			
6.09.			
6.10.			

STAKE-OUT VS. MACHINE GUIDANCE

2. Work with machine



### **EDUCATION AS PART OF THE INDUSTRY CHANGE**



### **USER TRAINING FOR INFRABIM WORKFLOWS**

User training has been one of the key reasons for digital workflow adaptation in Finland

- Academic studies in universities and universities of applied sciences only fill the needs for managerial level education
- Vocational schools train the future talents for the digital construction sites
- In-house and company specific training have been filling the know-how gap on construction sites



# **COOPERATION IS THE KEY TO ON JOB LEARNING**









# THANK YOU, ANY QUESTIONS?

### **MIIKA KOSTAMO**



#### BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT MANAGER I NOVATRON OY

- Surveyor and project manager 2003-2016
  - City of Vantaa 2003-2005
  - Aerial photogrammetry and LiDAR 2005-2010
  - Underwater surveying 2013-2014
  - E16 Motorway in Norway in 2014
  - Infrastructure and BIM projects in Finland 2014-2016
  - Member of buildingSMART Finland since 2015
  - Member of ISO standardization since 2019
- BDM in Novatron since 2018
- Co-Chair of Airport Room bSI since 2019





#### BIM DEVELOPMENT MANAGER | NOVATRON OY

- Surveyor and Survey Manager 1995 2016 on site
  - E18 Motorway in Finland 1998 2014
  - E6 Motorway in Norway 2007 2009
  - Developing digital ways of working on site level
  - ~50 model-based projects
  - Expert in InfraFINBIM Research Program 2010 2014
  - Member of buildingSMART Finland since 2014
  - Member of CFN standardization
- BIM Development Manager at Novatron since 2016
- Founder of InfraBIM Open